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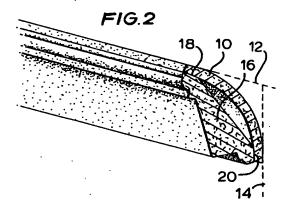
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7) Applicant: R. CLASSIC INTERIORS LIMITED Roberts House, 17 Moor Road Broadstone, Dorset BH18 &AZ(GB)

 Inventor: Roberts, Sandra R.Classic Interiors Ltd.
 Roberts House, 17, Moor Road Broadstone, Dorset, BH 18 8AZ(GB)

Representative: Green, Mark Charles et al Urquhart-Dykes & Lord, 8 Lindsay Road Poole, Dorset BH13 6AR (GB)

- (s) Improvements in cornices.
- Decorative comice 16 having an outer decorative face and an inner back portion 18 in which there is at least one arc curvature which matches the curvature of the coving 10 to which the decorative cornice is to be affixed.



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The present invention relates to cornices and in particular decorative cornices as used in rooms and houses offices etc.

Decorative cornices are generally made of fibrous plaster which is a moulded casting plaster reinforced with timber laths and hessian. In some cases the reinforcement may be with glass fibres. In general manufacturers make comices with their own decorative designs or use traditional designs. Comices have been used for many years, some of the oldest being in Georgian and Victorian houses. Comices are used to decorate the portion of a room and to cover up the join between for example the wall and the ceiling.

In recent years comices have not been used because of the expense involved in applying the cornice to a room of for example a recently built house. Nevertheless, the join between the, for example, wall and ceiling needs to be covered to hide the imperfection of construction. In order to do this moulded covings have been developed. These are curved pre-manufactured plaster pieces which fit in the join between, for example, the wall and ceiling providing a curved finish to that join hiding any imperfections in the join.

Many householders having such coving find that the rather plain curved nature of the coving is unsatisfactory and wish to replace the coving with a decorative cornice. Heretofore the only method of doing this is to remove the coving and replace it with a decorative cornice. This is an expensive job as removal of the coving often can cause damage to the wall and ceiling necessitating repair before the cornice is installed.

The present invention attempts to overcome the current problems with installation of cornices particularly in areas where covings already exist.

According to the present invention there is provided a decorative comice having an outer decorative face and an inner back portion, the comice in cross section having a portion including at least one arc of curvature which matches the curvature of a coving to which it is to be affixed.

Covings generally come in standard sizes or curvatures and different lengths. In the present invention the important factor is that the cross sectional portion of the cornice matches the outer curvature of the coving. The standard size of coving by girth is generally 100mm or 140mm. Thus the present invention has a comice which is defined according to those standard sizes such that when the cornice is fitted the coving is converted into a decorative cornice.

The cornice insert of the present invention may have various profiles as are common with regard to comices. For example the profile of the cornice may be Georgian infill, Egg and Dart, Acanthus leaf or Greek key.

The comice of the present invention matches the curvature of the coving at the points of contact and at the point of contact is adhered to the coving by means of tile adhesive or plaster, although this means of adhesion is not limiting.

In one embodiment a cross-sectional profile of the cornice of the present invention may match the whole curvature of the coving. However it is preferred that there are two points of contact of the cornice at each extreme of the coving leaving some space behind the cornice between the cornice and the coving. This means that the cross-sectional profile is smaller necessitating reduced weight and the use of less materials in the manu-facture of the cornice.

The present invention will be further described by way of example only with reference to the accompanying drawing in which: -

Figure 1 shows the present invention in partial cross section

Figure 2 shows the present invention in partial cross section with the comice and coving mated to provide an infill comice.

Figure 1 shows standard coving 10 having for example a girth of 100 or 140mm. The dotted lines 12 and 14 show the position of the ceiling and wall of a room when the coving is in position. The coving 10 is generally made of plaster lined with paper. The coving once in position is generally painted.

The cornice infill 16 of the present invention has two curved portions 18 and 20 and a patent profile 22 on the outer side. The curved portions 18 and 20 match the curvature of the coving 10. It will be seen that once the cornice 16 is brought into position against the coving 10 the coving 10 is converted into a decorative cornice by means of the profil 22.

Figure 2 shows the comice infill 16 in position in the coving 10 abutted by the curved portions 18 and 20. Tile adhesive or plaster is applied to the coving and the comice infill 16 is brought into position and held by the adhesive. Any excess is squeezed into the space between the comice infill 16 and the coving 10. Excess adhesive on the outer portion of the cornice or coving is removed.

Although the Georgian infill pattern is shown in the Figures the profile of the comice infill can be for example Egg & Dart, Acanthus leaf, Greek Key as desired.

The cornice infill 16 may be sized to match any coving and is not restricted for use in con-junction with standard coving.

The present invention has the great advantage that the coving which may exist in a house or room need not be removed prior to the incorportion of a decorative cornice.

## **Claims**

 A decorative cornice having an outer decorative face and an inner back portion, the cornice in cross section having a portion including at least one arc of curvature which matches the curvature of a coving to which it is to be affixed.

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A decorative cornice as claimed in Claim 1 in which the outer decorative face has a Georgian infill, Egg and Dart, Acanthus leaf or Greek key. 10

3. A decorative cornice as claimed in Claim 1 or Claim 2 wherein there are two points of contacts of the cornice on the inner back portion at each extreme of the coving leaving some space behind the cornice between the cornice and the coving.

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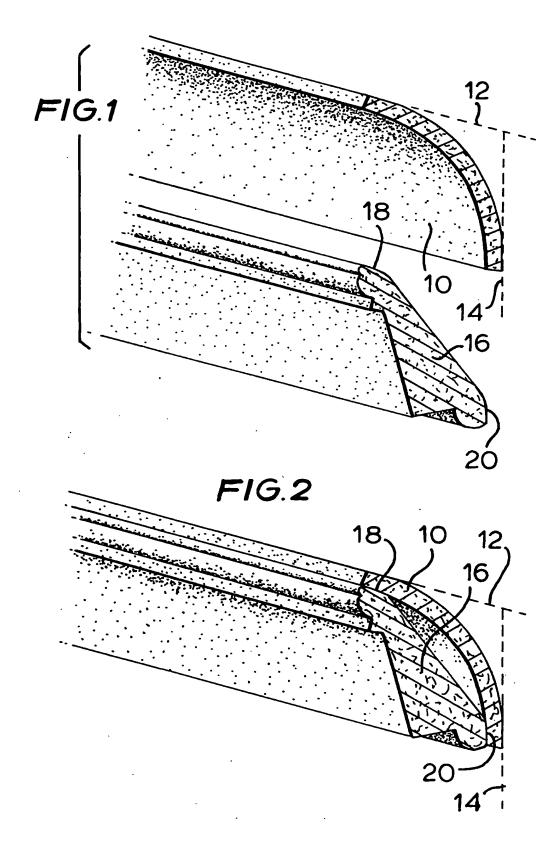
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